

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities DG

Employment, Lisbon Strategy, International Affairs **Employment Services, Mobility**

Study Service Contract

Contract title Study – Innovative Actions to provide good company practice on worker mobility for SMEs and PES.

Contract reference No VC/2006/0498

•••••

The above title and reference No **must** be quoted in **all** correspondence with the Commission.

Contractor

Other administrative information

Department DG EMPL/D/3

Prior information	O.J. ref. No of notice publication: —
Call for tender	DG EMPL ref. No: VT/2006/046 of
Tender information	O.J. ref. No of notice publication:
EPIC	Record No://
Databases	SMART record No:
Service category	No: A10

Other accounting information

Commitment No SI2. This commitment No must be quoted in correspondence relating to invoices / payments.

Type of Contract V/SE/STUSEC02

The European Community (hereinafter referred to as "the Community"),

represented by the Commission of the European Communities (hereinafter referred to as "**the Commission**"),

which is represented for the purposes of the signature of this Contract by Johan TEN GEUZENDAM, Head of Unit - EMPL/D/3, Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities DG,

on the one part,

AND

.........(official name in full), registered legal form:, statutory registration number:, official address in full:, VAT registration number:, (hereinafter referred to as "**the Contractor**"), represented for the purposes of the signature and management of the present Contract by(forename and name in full),(function),

of the other part,

HAVE AGREED

the Special Conditions and the General Conditions below and the following Annexes:

- Annex I Tender Specifications (Invitation to Tender No. VT/2006/046 of) and Monitoring
- Annex II Contractor's Tender (Registre CAD Ref. No. of)
- Annex III Breakdown of prices
- Annex IV CVs and classification of experts
- Annex V Fiscal provisions regarding invoicing by the Contractor

which forms an integral part of this Contract (hereinafter referred to as "the Contract").

The terms set out in the Special Conditions shall take precedence over those in the other parts of the Contract. The terms set out in the General Conditions shall take precedence over those in the Annexes. The terms set out in the Tender Specifications (Annex I) and in the Breakdown of prices (Annex III) shall take precedence over those in the Tender (Annex II).

Subject to the above, the several instruments forming part of this Contract are to be taken as mutually explanatory. Ambiguities or discrepancies within or between such parts shall be explained or rectified by a written instruction issued by the Commission, subject to the rights of the Contractor under Article I.7 should he dispute any such instruction.

Special conditions

Article I.1 Subject

Ι.

I.1.1. The subject of the Contract is the following study: **Study – Innovative Actions to provide** good company practice on worker mobility for SMEs and PES.

I.1.2. The Contractor shall execute the tasks assigned to him in accordance with the Tender Specifications annexed to the Contract (Annex I).

Article I.2 **Duration**

I.2.1. The Contract shall enter into force on the date on which it is signed by the last contracting party. The date of signature of the present Contract is that of the date stamp applied by the postal services of Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities DG on the title page of the present Contract after it has been signed by both parties.

I.2.2. Execution of the tasks may under no circumstances begin before the date on which the Contract enters into force.

I.2.3. The duration of the tasks shall not exceed 12 months. This period and all other periods specified in the Contract are calculated in calendar days. Execution of the tasks shall start from the date of entry into force of the Contract. The period of execution of the tasks may be extended only with the express written agreement of the parties before such period elapses.

The Commission is not obliged to react to any request for extension of the duration of the tasks received less than 30 days before expiry of the period of execution or with less than one third of the period of execution left to run, whichever period is the shorter.

Article I.3 Contract price

I.3.1. Maximum total amount

The maximum total amount to be paid by the Commission under the Contract shall be EUR (amount in figures) covering all tasks executed.

I.3.2. Price revisions

Not applicable.

I.3.3. Travel, subsistence and shipment expenses

[2 automated options, depending of the value entered for Part "Reimbursable Expenses" of the budget:

► Not applicable.

► In addition to the total amount specified in Article I.3.1, travel, subsistence and shipment expenses shall be reimbursed in accordance with Article II.7, as shall other expenses provided for by the Tender Specifications up to a maximum amount of EUR (amount in figures). The daily subsistence allowance referred to in Article II.7.4(d) shall be determined in accordance with Annex III, 2.2.1.

Article I.4 Payment periods and formalities

Payments under the Contract shall be made in accordance with Article II.4. Payments shall be executed only if the Contractor has fulfilled all his contractual obligations by the date on which the

invoice is submitted. Payment requests may not be made if payments for previous periods have not been executed as a result of default of negligence on the part of the Contractor.

I.4.1. Pre-financing

Not applicable.

I.4.2. Interim payment

Requests for interim payment by the Contractor shall be admissible if accompanied by

- an interim technical report in accordance with the instructions laid down in Annex I,
 - the relevant invoices,

provided the report has been approved by the Commission.

The Commission shall have 45 days from receipt to approve or reject the report, and the Contractor shall have 30 days in which to submit additional information or a new report.

Within 30 days of the date on which the report is approved by the Commission, an interim payment corresponding to the relevant invoices, up to maximum 50% of the total amount referred to in Article I.3.1, shall be made.

I.4.3. Payment of the balance

The request for payment of the balance of the Contractor shall be admissible if accompanied by:

- the final technical report in accordance with the instructions laid down in Annex I,
 - the relevant invoices,

provided the report has been approved by the Commission.

The Commission shall have 45 days from receipt to approve or reject the report, and the Contractor shall have 30 days in which to submit additional information or a new report.

Within 30 days of the date on which the report is approved by the Commission, payment of the balance of the total amount referred to in Article I.3.1 shall be made.

I.4.4. Performance guarantee

Not applicable.

Article I.5 Bank account

Payments shall be made to the Contractor's bank account denominated in euro ¹, identified ² as follows:

.

.....

- Name of bank:
- Address of branch in full:
- Exact designation of account holder:
- Full account number including codes:
- IBAN or, if non available, BIC code: -

Article I.6 General administrative provisions

Any communication relating to the Contract shall be made in writing and shall bear the Contract number. Ordinary mail shall be deemed to have been received by the Commission on the date on which it is registered by the department responsible indicated below. Communications shall be sent to the following addresses:

Commission European Commission Directorate-General Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities EMPL/D/3 B-1049 Brussels (Belgium)

¹ Or local currency where the receiving country does not allow transactions in EUR.

² By a document issued or certified by the bank.

Contractor (Mr/Mrs/Ms + forename and name) (function) (company name) (official address in full)

Article I.7 Applicable law and settlement of disputes

I.7.1. The Contract shall be governed by the national substantive law of Belgium.

I.7.2. Any dispute between the parties resulting from the interpretation or application of the Contract which cannot be settled amicably shall be brought before the courts of Brussels.

Article I.8 Other special conditions

Definition of the term "payment request" regarding the interests for late payments

It is understood that a payment request, as mentioned in Article II.5.3, will only be considered as complete, if all specific documents mentioned in Article I.4; are joined to this request. If these specific documents are not sent to the Commission all together with the payment request, the 45 days shall only run from the date of the first registered receipt of the last document, making the payment request complete. As regards payments subject to the prior approval of a report (or to the signature of a certificate of final acceptance for supplies delivery) by the Commission, according to Article I.4, the period of 45 calendar days shall start only on the date when both the complete payment request has been registered and the report has been approved (or the certificate of final acceptance has been signed) by the Commission, provided the Commission has itself respected the time limits set in the present Contract and its annexes for such approvals.

II. General conditions

Article II.1 **Performance of the Contract**

II.1.1. The Contractor shall perform the Contract to the highest professional standards. The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for complying with any legal obligations incumbent on him, notably those resulting from employment, tax and social legislation.

II.1.2. The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for taking the necessary steps to obtain any permit or licence required for performance of the Contract under the laws and regulations in force at the place where the tasks assigned to him are to be executed.

II.1.3. Without prejudice to Article II.3 any reference made to the Contractor's staff in the Contract shall relate exclusively to individuals involved in the performance of the Contract.

II.1.4. The Contractor must ensure that any staff performing the Contract have the professional qualifications and experience required for the execution of the tasks assigned to him.

II.1.5. The Contractor shall neither represent the Commission nor behave in any way that would give such an impression. The Contractor shall inform third parties that he does not belong to the European public service.

II.1.6. The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for the staff who execute the tasks assigned to him.

The Contractor shall make provision for the following employment or service relationships with his staff:

- staff executing the tasks assigned to the Contractor may not be given orders direct by the Commission;
- the Commission may not under any circumstances be considered to be the staff's employer and the said staff shall undertake not to invoke in respect of the Commission any right arising from the contractual relationship between the Commission and the Contractor.

II.1.7. In the event of disruption resulting from the action of a member of the Contractor's staff working on Commission premises or in the event of the expertise of a member of the Contractor's staff failing to correspond to the profile required by the Contract, the Contractor shall replace him without delay. The Commission shall have the right to request the replacement of any such member of staff, stating its reasons for so doing. Replacement staff must have the necessary qualifications and be capable of performing the Contract under the same contractual conditions. The Contractor shall be responsible for any delay in the execution of the tasks assigned to him resulting from the replacement of staff in accordance with this Article.

II.1.8. Should any unforeseen event, action or omission directly or indirectly hamper execution of the tasks, either partially or totally, the Contractor shall immediately and on his own initiative record it and report it to the Commission. The report shall include a description of the problem and an indication of the date on which it started and of the remedial action taken by the Contractor to ensure full compliance with his obligations under the Contract. In such event the Contractor shall give priority to solving the problem rather than determining liability.

II.1.9. Should the Contractor fail to perform his obligations under the Contract in accordance with the provisions laid down therein, the Commission may - without prejudice to its right to terminate the Contract - reduce or recover payments in proportion to the scale of the failure. In addition, the Commission may impose penalties or liquidated damages provided for in Article II.16.

Article II.2 Liability

II.2.1. The Commission shall not be liable for damage sustained by the Contractor in performance of the Contract except in the event of wilful misconduct or gross negligence on the part of the Commission.

II.2.2. The Contractor shall be liable for any loss or damage caused by himself in performance of the Contract, including in the event of subcontracting under Article II.13. The Commission shall not be liable for any act or default on the part of the Contractor in performance of the Contract.

II.2.3. The Contractor shall provide compensation in the event of any action, claim or proceeding brought against the Commission by a third party as a result of damage caused by the Contractor in performance of the Contract.

II.2.4. In the event of any action brought by a third party against the Commission in connection with performance of the Contract, the Contractor shall assist the Commission. Expenditure incurred by the Contractor to this end may be borne by the Commission.

II.2.5. The Contractor shall take out insurance against risks and damage relating to performance of the Contract if required by the relevant applicable legislation. He shall take out supplementary insurance as reasonably required by standard practice in the industry. A copy of all the relevant insurance contracts shall be sent to the Commission should it so request.

Article II.3 Conflict of Interests

II.3.1. The Contractor shall take all necessary measures to prevent any situation that could compromise the impartial and objective performance of the Contract. Such conflict of interests could arise in particular as a result of economic interest, political or national affinity, family or emotional ties, or any other relevant connection or shared interest. Any conflict of interests which could arise during performance of the Contract must be notified to the Commission in writing without delay. In the event of such conflict, the Contractor shall immediately take all necessary steps to resolve it.

The Commission reserves the right to verify that such measures are adequate and may require additional measures to be taken, if necessary, within a time limit which it shall set. The Contractor shall ensure that his staff, board and directors are not placed in a situation which could give rise to conflict of interests. Without prejudice to Article II.1 the Contractor shall replace, immediately and without compensation from the Commission, any member of his staff exposed to such a situation.

II.3.2. The Contractor shall abstain from any contact likely to compromise his independence.

- **II.3.3.** The Contractor declares:
 - that he has not made and will not make any offer of any type whatsoever from which an advantage can be derived under the Contract,
 - that he has not granted and will not grant, has not sought and will not seek, has not attempted and will not attempt to obtain, and has not accepted and will not accept, any advantage, financial or in kind, to or from any party whatsoever, where such advantage constitutes an illegal practice or involves corruption, either directly or indirectly, inasmuch as it is an incentive or reward relating to performance of the Contract.

II.3.4. The Contractor shall pass on all the relevant obligations in writing to his staff, board, and directors as well as to third parties involved in performance of the Contract. A copy of the instructions given and the undertakings made in this respect shall be sent to the Commission should it so request.

Article II.4 **Payments**

II.4.1. Pre-financing

Where required by Article I.4.1, the Contractor shall provide a financial guarantee in the form of a bank guarantee or equivalent supplied by a bank or an authorised financial institution (guarantor) equal to the amount indicated in the same article to cover pre-financing under the Contract. Such guarantee

may be replaced by a joint and several guarantee by a third party. The guarantor shall pay to the Commission at its request an amount corresponding to payments made by it to the Contractor which have not yet been covered by equivalent work on his part. The guarantor shall stand as first-call guarantor and shall not require the Commission to have recourse against the principal debtor (the Contractor). The guarantee shall specify that it enters into force at the latest on the date on which the Contractor receives the pre-financing. The Commission shall release the guarantor from its obligations as soon as the Contractor has demonstrated that any pre-financing has been covered by equivalent work. The guarantee shall be retained until the pre-financing has been deducted from interim payments or payment of the balance to the Contractor. It shall be released the following month. The cost of providing such guarantee shall be borne by the Contractor.

II.4.2. Interim payment

At the end of each of the periods indicated in Annex I the Contractor shall submit to the Commission a formal request for payment accompanied by those of the following documents which are provided for in the Special Conditions:

- an interim technical report in accordance with the instructions laid down in Annex I;
- the relevant invoices indicating the reference number of the Contract to which they refer;
- statements of reimbursable expenses in accordance with Article II.7.

If the report is a condition for payment, on receipt the Commission shall have the period of time indicated in the Special Conditions in which:

- to approve it, with or without comments or reservations, or suspend such period and request additional information; or
- to reject it and request a new report.

If the Commission does not react within this period, the report shall be deemed to have been approved. Approval of the report does not imply recognition either of its regularity or of the authenticity, completeness or correctness of the declarations or information enclosed. Where the Commission requests a new report because the one previously submitted has been rejected, this shall be submitted within the period of time indicated in the Special Conditions. The new report shall likewise be subject to the above provisions.

II.4.3. Payment of the balance

Within sixty days of completion of the tasks referred to in Annex I the Contractor shall submit to the Commission a formal request for payment accompanied by those of the following documents which are provided for in the Special Conditions:

- a final technical report in accordance with the instructions laid down in Annex I;
- the relevant invoices indicating the reference number of the Contract to which they refer;
- statements of reimbursable expenses in accordance with Article II.7.

If the report is a condition for payment, on receipt the Commission shall have the period of time indicated in the Special Conditions in which:

- to approve it, with or without comments or reservations, or suspend such period and request additional information; or
- to reject it and request a new report.

If the Commission does not react within this period, the report shall be deemed to have been approved. Approval of the report does not imply recognition either of its regularity or of the authenticity, completeness or correctness of the declarations and information enclosed. Where the Commission requests a new report because the one previously submitted has been rejected, this shall be submitted within the period of time indicated in the Special Conditions. The new report shall likewise be subject to the above provisions.

Article II.5 General Provisions concerning Payments

II.5.1. Payments shall be deemed to have been made on the date on which the Commission's account is debited.

II.5.2. The payment periods referred to in Article I.4 may be suspended by the Commission at any time if it informs the Contractor that his payment request is not admissible, either because the amount

is not due or because the necessary supporting documents have not been properly produced. In case of doubt on the eligibility of the expenditure indicated in the payment request, the Commission may suspend the time limit for payment for the purpose of further verification, including an on-the-spot check, in order to ascertain, prior to payment, that the expenditure is eligible.

The Commission shall notify the Contractor accordingly by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt or equivalent. Suspension shall take effect from the date of dispatch of the letter. The remainder of the period referred to in Article I.4 shall begin to run again once the suspension has been lifted.

II.5.3. In the event of late payment the Contractor may claim interest within two months of receiving the payment. Interest shall be calculated at the rate applied by the European Central Bank to its most recent main refinancing operations (*"the reference rate"*) plus seven percentage points (*"the margin"*). The reference rate in force on the first day of the month in which the payment is due shall apply. Such interest rate is published in the C series of the Official Journal of the European Union. Interest shall be payable for the period elapsing from the calendar day following expiry of the time limit for payment up to the day of payment. Suspension of payment by the Commission may not be deemed to constitute late payment.

Article II.6 **Recovery**

II.6.1. If total payments made exceed the amount actually due under the Contract or if recovery is justified in accordance with the terms of the Contract, the Contractor shall reimburse the appropriate amount in euro on receipt of the debit note, in the manner and within the time limits set by the Commission.

II.6.2. In the event of failure to pay by the deadline specified in the request for reimbursement, the sum due shall bear interest at the rate indicated in Article II.5.3. Interest shall be payable from the calendar day following the due date up to the calendar day on which the debt is repaid in full.

II.6.3. The Commission may, after informing the Contractor, recover amounts established as certain, of a fixed amount and due by offsetting, in cases where the Contractor also has a claim on the Communities that is certain, of a fixed amount and due. The Commission may also claim against the guarantee, where provided for.

Article II.7 Reimbursements

II.7.1. Where provided by the Special Conditions or by Annex I, the Commission shall reimburse the expenses which are directly connected with execution of the tasks on production of original supporting documents, including receipts and used tickets.

II.7.2. Travel and subsistence expenses shall be reimbursed, where appropriate, on the basis of the shortest itinerary.

II.7.3. Travel expenses shall be reimbursed as follows:

- (a) travel by air shall be reimbursed up to the maximum cost of an economy class ticket at the time of the reservation;
- (b) travel by boat or rail shall be reimbursed up to the maximum cost of a first class ticket;
- (c) travel by car shall be reimbursed at the rate of one first class rail ticket for the same journey and on the same day;
- (d) travel outside Community territory shall be reimbursed under the general conditions stated above provided the Commission has given its prior written agreement.

II.7.4. Subsistence expenses shall be reimbursed on the basis of a daily allowance as follows:

- (a) for journeys of less than 200 km (return trip) no subsistence allowance shall be payable;
- (b) daily subsistence allowance shall be payable only on receipt of a supporting document proving that the person concerned was present at the place of destination;
- (c) daily subsistence allowance shall take the form of a flat-rate payment to cover all subsistence expenses, including accommodation, meals, local transport, insurance and sundries;

(d) daily subsistence allowance, where applicable, shall be reimbursed at the rate specified in Article I.3.3.

II.7.5. The cost of shipment of equipment or unaccompanied luggage shall be reimbursed provided the Commission has given prior written authorisation.

Article II.8 **Ownership of the Results – Intellectual and Industrial Property**

Any results or rights thereon, including copyright and other intellectual or industrial property rights, obtained in performance of the Contract, shall be owned solely by the Community, which may use, publish, assign or transfer them as it sees fit, without geographical or other limitation, except where industrial or intellectual property rights exist prior to the Contract being entered into.

Article II.9 **Confidentiality**

II.9.1. The Contractor undertakes to treat in the strictest confidence and not make use of or divulge to third parties any information or documents which are linked to performance of the Contract. The Contractor shall continue to be bound by this undertaking after completion of the tasks.

II.9.2. The Contractor shall obtain from each member of his staff, board and directors an undertaking that they will respect the confidentiality of any information which is linked, directly or indirectly, to execution of the tasks and that they will not divulge to third parties or use for their own benefit or that of any third party any document or information not available publicly, even after completion of the tasks.

Article II.10 Use, Distribution and Publication of Information

II.10.1. The Contractor shall authorise the Commission to process, use, distribute and publish, for whatever purpose, by whatever means and on whatever medium, any data contained in or relating to the Contract, in particular the identity of the Contractor, the subject matter, the duration, the amount paid and the reports. Where personal data is concerned, Article I.8 shall apply.

II.10.2. Unless otherwise provided by the Special Conditions, the Commission shall not be required to distribute or publish documents or information supplied in performance of the Contract. If it decides not to publish the documents or information supplied, the Contractor may not have them distributed or published elsewhere without prior written authorisation from the Commission.

II.10.3. Any distribution or publication of information relating to the Contract by the Contractor shall require prior written authorisation from the Commission and shall mention the amount paid by the Community. It shall state that the opinions expressed are those of the Contractor only and do not represent the Commission's official position.

II.10.4. The use of information obtained by the Contractor in the course of the Contract for purposes other than its performance shall be forbidden, unless the Commission has specifically given prior written authorisation to the contrary.

Article II. 11 Taxation

II.11.1. The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for compliance with the tax laws which apply to him. Failure to comply shall make the relevant invoices invalid.

II.11.2. The Contractor recognises that the Commission is, as a rule, exempt from all taxes and duties, including value added tax (VAT), pursuant to the provisions of Articles 3 and 4 of the Protocol on the Privileges and Immunities of the European Communities.

II.11.3. The Contractor shall accordingly complete the necessary formalities with the relevant authorities to ensure that the goods and services required for performance of the Contract are exempt from taxes and duties, including VAT.

II.11.4. Invoices presented by the Contractor shall indicate his place of taxation for VAT purposes and shall specify separately the amounts not including VAT and the amounts including VAT.

Article II.12 Force Majeure

II.12.1. Force majeure shall mean any unforeseeable and exceptional situation or event beyond the control of the contracting parties which prevents either of them from performing any of their obligations under the Contract, was not due to error or negligence on their part or on the part of a subcontractor, and could not have been avoided by the exercise of due diligence. Defects in equipment or material or delays in making it available, labour disputes, strikes or financial problems cannot be invoked as *force majeure* unless they stem directly from a relevant case of *force majeure*.

II.12.2. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article II.1.8, if either contracting party is faced with *force majeure*, it shall notify the other party without delay by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt or equivalent, stating the nature, likely duration and foreseeable effects.

II.12.3. Neither contracting party shall be held in breach of its contractual obligations if it has been prevented from performing them by *force majeure*. Where the Contractor is unable to perform his contractual obligations owing to *force majeure*, he shall have the right to remuneration only for tasks actually executed.

II.12.4. The contracting parties shall take the necessary measures to reduce damage to a minimum.

Article II.13 Subcontracting

II.13.1. The Contractor shall not subcontract without prior written authorisation from the Commission nor cause the Contract to be performed in fact by third parties.

II.13.2. Even where the Commission authorises the Contractor to subcontract to third parties, he shall none the less remain bound by his obligations to the Commission under the Contract and shall bear exclusive liability for proper performance of the Contract.

II.13.3. The Contractor shall make sure that the subcontract does not affect rights and guarantees to which the Commission is entitled by virtue of the Contract, notably Article II.17.

Article II.14 Assignment

II.14.1. The Contractor shall not assign the rights and obligations arising from the Contract, in whole or in part, without prior written authorisation from the Commission.

II.14.2. In the absence of the authorisation referred to in 1 above, or in the event of failure to observe the terms thereof, assignment by the Contractor shall not be enforceable against and shall have no effect on the Commission.

Article II.15 **Termination by the Commission**

II.15.1. The Commission may terminate the Contract in the following circumstances:

- (a) where the Contractor is being wound up, is having his affairs administered by the courts, has entered into an arrangement with creditors, has suspended business activities, is the subject of proceedings concerning those matters, or is in any analogous situation arising from a similar procedure provided for in national legislation or regulations;
- (b) where the Contractor has been convicted of an offence concerning his professional conduct by a judgment which has the force of res judicata;

- (c) where the Contractor has been guilty of grave professional misconduct proven by any means which the contracting authority can justify;
- (d) where the Contractor has not fulfilled obligations relating to the payment of social security contributions or the payment of taxes in accordance with the legal provisions of the country in which he is established or with those of the country applicable to the Contract or those of the country where the Contract is to be performed;
- (e) where the Commission seriously suspects the Contractor of fraud, corruption, involvement in a criminal organisation or any other illegal activity detrimental to the Communities' financial interests;
- (f) where the Contractor is in breach of his obligations under Article II.3;
- (g) where the Contractor was guilty of misrepresentation in supplying the information required by the Commission as a condition of participation in the Contract procedure or failed to supply this information;
- (h) where a change in the Contractor's legal, financial, technical or organisational situation could, in the Commission's opinion, have a significant effect on the performance of the Contract;
- (i) where execution of the tasks has not actually commenced within three months of the date foreseen, and the new date proposed, if any, is considered unacceptable by the Commission;
- (j) where the Contractor is unable, through his own fault, to obtain any permit or licence required for performance of the Contract;
- (k) where the Contractor, after receiving formal notice in writing to comply, specifying the nature of the alleged failure, and after being given the opportunity to remedy the failure within a reasonable period following receipt of the formal notice, remains in serious breach of his contractual obligations.

II.15.2. In case of *force majeure*, notified in accordance with Article II.12, either contracting party may terminate the Contract, where performance thereof cannot be ensured for a period corresponding to at least to one fifth of the period laid down in Article I.2.3.

II.15.3. Prior to termination under point e), h) or k), the Contractor shall be given the opportunity to submit his observations.

Termination shall take effect on the date on which a registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt terminating the Contract is received by the Contractor, or on any other date indicated in the letter of termination.

II.15.4. Consequences of termination

In the event of the Commission terminating the Contract in accordance with this article and without prejudice to any other measures provided for in the Contract, the Contractor shall waive any claim for consequential damages, including any loss of anticipated profits for uncompleted work. On receipt of the letter terminating the Contract, the Contractor shall take all appropriate measures to minimise costs, prevent damage, and cancel or reduce his commitments. He shall draw up the documents required by the Special Conditions for the tasks executed up to the date on which termination takes effect, within a period not exceeding sixty days from that date.

The Commission may claim compensation for any damage suffered and recover any sums paid to the Contractor under the Contract.

On termination the Commission may engage any other contractor to complete the services. The Commission shall be entitled to claim from the Contractor all extra costs incurred in making good and completing the services, without prejudice to any other rights or guarantees it has under the Contract.

Article II.16 Liquidated Damages

Should the Contractor fail to perform his obligations under the Contract within the time limits set by the Contract, then, without prejudice to the Contractor's actual or potential liability incurred in relation to the Contract or to the Commission's right to terminate the Contract, the Commission may decide to impose liquidated damages of 0.2% of the amount specified in Article I.3.1 per calendar day of delay. The Contractor may submit arguments against this decision within thirty days of notification by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt or equivalent. In the absence of reaction on his part or of written withdrawal by the Commission within thirty days of the receipt of such arguments, the

decision imposing the liquidated damages shall become enforceable. These liquidated damages shall not be imposed where there is provision for interest for late completion. The Commission and the Contractor expressly acknowledge and agree that any sums payable under this article are in the nature of liquidated damages and not penalties, and represent a reasonable estimate of fair compensation for the losses that may be reasonably anticipated from such failure to perform obligations.

Article II.17 Checks and Audits

II.17.1. Pursuant to Article 142 of the Financial Regulation applicable to the general budget of the European Communities, the European Court of Auditors shall be empowered to audit the documents held by the natural or legal persons receiving payments from the budget of the European Communities from signature of the Contract up to five years after payment of the balance.

II.17.2. The Commission or an outside body of its choice shall have the same rights as the European Court of Auditors for the purpose of checks and audits limited to compliance with contractual obligations from signature of the Contract up to five years after payment of the balance.

II.17.3. In addition, the European Anti Fraud Office may carry out on-the-spot checks and inspections in accordance with Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 and Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 from signature of the Contract up to five years after payment of the balance.

Article II.18 Amendments

Any amendment to the Contract shall be the subject of a written agreement concluded by the contracting parties. An oral agreement shall not be binding on the contracting parties.

Article II.19 Suspension of the Contract

Without prejudice to the Commission's right to terminate the Contract, the Commission may at any time and for any reason suspend execution of the tasks under the Contract or any part thereof. Suspension shall take effect on the day the Contractor receives notification by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt or equivalent, or at a later date where the notification so provides. The Commission may at any time following suspension give notice to the Contractor to resume the work suspended. The Contractor shall not be entitled to claim compensation on account of suspension of the Contract or of part thereof.

Signatures	
1. For the Contractor, (forename and name) (position) (company name)	2. For the Commission, Johan TEN GEUZENDAM Head of Unit - EMPL/D/3 Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities DG
Done at (place),	Done at Brussels,
(date)	(date)
In duplicate in English.	

VC/2006/0498

V/SE/STUSEC02-en - v. 20050316

Tender Specifications and Monitoring

ANNEX I Tender No. VT/2006/046 of

1. Background

......One of the founding principles of the European Union is the freedom of movement of workers (Article 39 of the Treaty establishing the European Community). It goes hand in hand with the promotion of economic and social progress, a high level of employment and the achievement of sustainable development. It is essential for the creation of an area without internal frontiers, and the strengthening of economic and social cohesion and active citizenship.

The Integrated Guidelines for Growth and Employment (2005-2008) and more in particular Guideline n° 20 calls upon Member States to "improve matching of labour market needs through the modernisation and strenghtening of labour market institutions, notably employment services, also with a view to ensuring greater transparency of employment and training opportunities at national and European level; removing obstacles to mobility for workers across Europe within the framework of the EU Treaties; better anticipation of skill needs, labour shortages and bottlenecks". Mobility of workers within the EU is the key and should be fully ensured with the context of the EU Treaties. Geographical mobility is also needed to access job opportunities more widely and in the EU at large.

In 2002, the Commission published its Action Plan on Skills and Mobility³, which is designed to further the principle of the freedom of movement for workers, underscore the importance of labour market mobility in advancing the Employment Strategy, and open up the European labour markets so that they are accessible for all.

Greater labour force mobility, both between jobs (occupational mobility) and within and between countries (geographic mobility), will contribute to meeting all of these objectives. It will enable the European economy, employment and labour force to adapt to changing circumstances more smoothly and efficiently, and to drive change in a competitive global economy.

The countries of the European Union, along with other economies in the world, are facing mounting pressure to respond to the challenges of globalisation and increased internal competition for accessing markets. Workers' mobility, through its two components, i.e. geographical and occupational mobility, should play an important role in meeting people's desire for better living and working conditions and businesses' requests for rapid adjustment to new and changing skills.

Yet, in practice, the current mobility rates for workers in Europe remain low, due to a combination of factors, such as the persistence of legal, administrative, and socio-cultural obstacles; the lack of knowledge about existing information and assistance tools, and the inability of many stakeholders – in particular public authorities and businesses – to convince workers about the advantages of undertaking a working experience in another country and/or work environment.

As the Report of the High Level Group on the Lisbon Strategy⁴ made clear in November 2004, "far from enough is being done in Europe to equip people with the tools they need to adapt to an evolving labour market, and this applies to high- and low-skilled positions and to both manufacturing and services". The development of a single European labour market remains, consequently, a clear objective.

In its work programme for 2006, the Employment Incentive Measures Programme highlights the need to underpin the Commission's efforts to support mobility of workers, the objective of which is to

³ COM(2002)72

⁴ 'Facing the Challenge' – The Lisbon Strategy for growth and employment – Report to the European Council from the High Level Group chaired by Wim Kok, November 2004.

strengthen the bases of the single European labour market. 2006 is the "European Year of Workers' Mobility", with a sub-title "Towards a European Labour Market", consisting of a co-ordinated series of events, studies and exchange of good practice in order to raise public awareness about the challenges and benefits of workers' mobility, throughout their career.

It is in this context that a study is launched on "Innovative Actions to provide good company practice on worker mobility for SMEs and PES". The scope of the study will be the identification, the exchange and transfer of best practice between the 25 EU-Member States and the other 7 countries participating in the Employment Incentive Measures programme (EIM): the EFTA/EEA countries Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein and the acceding countries Bulgaria and Romania and the candidate countries Croatia and Turkey.

2. Purpose of the Contract

.........The aim of the project is to identify possible ways to overcome existing barriers to mobility and to capitalise on business practice related to workers' mobility. The main focus will be on good (or even best) practice by medium sized and large enterprises allowing and encouraging the geographic mobility of their workers. This good practice can be of great use for other small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and for the Public Employment Services (PES) as providers of services to both workers and enterprises. The aim is to investigate into the reality of (larger) enterprises rather than developing theoretic models. SMEs can learn from good practices of large enterprises, while focussing on effective policies, in terms of mobility of staff and looking into good examples with the largest impact on workers' mobility.

In the EU, the geographic mobility of workers is lower than in some other OECD countries, such as the US. This is certainly the case for workers in small enterprises, who experience barriers more often than those working in larger companies. Both these workers and the SMEs themselves can benefit from the geographic mobility of workers. Medium sized and large European companies and already existing European business mobility networks have developed good practice in the area of workers' mobility. Gathering good practise examples in this area is both useful and needed given the existing lack of information on the matter. It is therefore appropriate to launch this project, which is designed to understand and tackle the issue, take stock of good business practice, allow the exchange of good practice and design improved employer targeted services.

The project will aim at:

- 1) studying the problems of workers in small enterprises with geographic mobility, as the means to support international mobility may be more limited than for workers in larger enterprises.

- 2) the detection and analysis of good practice by larger enterprises, in the form of innovative actions designed by businesses. The project will contain a survey on good (best) practice, which will cover different categories of enterprises, in different countries, different sectors and branches of industry. Specific attention will be given to those sectors which are more open to geographic mobility due to economies of scale in fast-growing markets (e.g. ICT, specific services, ...). To avoid any overlap with already existing material, it will build on recent research on the subject, incl. reports by universities, research centres, international organisations and others;

- 3) investigating 6 case studies of (larger) enterprises which will be chosen on the basis of a typology of firms according to the following criteria: sector of activity, international orientation/dimension of activity, size of the firm in terms of number of employees and gender dimension of staff (male/female dominated staff);

- 4) fostering the exchange of good practice and providing an overview of other innovative actions related to employer and employee targeted services related to encouraging workers' mobility;

- 5) finally, the survey on good (or even best) practice will be the basis on which a Commission guide for mobile workers targeted at a) SMEs and b) PES could be produced. This will allow to better target employment services in the EU.

It is foreseen that its results will be disseminated in 2007, also within the framework of a mutual learning process mainly through the dissemination of good practice in one or more seminars/meetings.

The study will deal with the identification, the exchange and transfer of best practice between Member States and countries participating in the EIM. This is an important feature of the 2006 EIM work programme. It is in line with the request of the EP and previous EIM Committee decisions.

3. Tasks to be performed by the Contractor

(including description of output documents to be created by the Contractor and submitted to the Commission for its approval)

......The study should have the following features:

a) The contractor will conduct a brief but comprehensive analysis and description of the existing main problems and disincentives to workers' geographic mobility, more in particular of workers of SMEs. It will identify key issues at stake and provide a clear and comprehensive overview and description of the problems. It will do so on the basis of literature review, focussing on most common problems related to the subject.

b) The contractor will conduct a survey on best practice by businesses. It will cover medium and large enterprises (incl. multinationals) in different countries. The study will focus on good (and even) best practice aiming at overcoming or removing the main problems/disincentives to workers' mobility. The aim is to investigate into the reality of (larger) enterprises rather than developing theoretic models. Focus will be on effective policies, mainly HR policies, in terms of staff mobility and good examples with the largest impact on workers' mobility. The survey should cover the 25 EU-Member States and the other 7 countries participating in the Employment Incentive Measures programme (EIM): the EFTA/EEA countries Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein and the acceding countries Bulgaria and Romania and the candidate countries Croatia and Turkey. It will investigate in enterprises (incl. multinationals) and possibly other organisations by way of a questionnaire to be followed by site-visits to a selected sample of businesses. The questionnaire should be sent to at least 500 enterprises.

c) Case studies: The contractor will investigate in 6 case studies, which will be chosen on the basis of typology of firms according to the following criteria: sector of activity, international orientation/dimension of activity, size of the firm in terms of number of employees and gender dimension of staff (male/female dominated staff). The contractor will propose the selection of the 6 case studies (typology and names of firms) to the European Commission which will give its approval prior to the launch of the case studies.

d) It will analyse good practice and explain why and to which extent the practice is successful in overcoming or removing obstacles to workers' mobility, more in particular of workers of SMEs. It will address the effectiveness of such practice, in function of different variables, such as the size of the enterprise, its specific policy and overall approach on encouraging mobility of workers, the targets formulated and benchmarked on the subject, the flanking policies at national and/or regional level, etc... The analysis of good practice will provide the elements on the basis of which the Commission can produce a guide for SMEs and Public Employment Services (PES) on increasing mobility of workers. The aim is to support the role of PES as provider of services to SMEs, allowing in this way to facilitate the mobility of workers of SMEs in the EU.

e) The contractor will provide an overview of other innovative actions aiming at exchanging best practices on employer and employees targeted services aiming at facilitating the international mobility of workers.

f) The contractor will participate in 3 meetings (at least) with staff of the European Commission, to present and discuss progress on the project.

g) The contractor will be available to present the results of the study at a meeting of the EEA PES network, which is foreseen to be held in Portugal, in the second half of 2007.

The study will cover all EU Member States, the EEA countries Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein and the two acceding countries which are participating in the EIM programme, Bulgaria and Romania and the two candidate countries Croatia and Turkey. Reference can be made to good practice in the US and Canada if on the basis of literature review in these countries best practice is found with outstanding quality and exemplary capacity.

Guide and details of how the tasks are to be carried out

The methodology to be followed is open to proposals from prospective contractors but should include a review of the literature on the subject and should include a survey of some enterprises (incl. multinationals) and possibly other organisations by way of a questionnaire to be followed by site-visits to a selected sample of businesses. The questionnaire must be submitted to the Commission for prior approval.

4. Expertise required ⁵

See Annex IV.

Specific requirements other than those mentioned in Annex IV None

5. Schedule of reports – Terms for approval, structure and content

.....

See Article I.4.

Specific requirements other than those mentioned in Article I.4 (e.g. schedule of interim reports)

......The full duration of the contract will be 12 months, from the date of contract signature. An intermediate report, covering work progress and first results should be submitted within 6 months after the start of the study project. The intermediate report should explain progress made so far, covering points a), b) c) and d) described under point 4 above.

A draft final report in English of maximum 100 pages accompanied by an executive summary of maximum 10 pages in French and German should be submitted within 10 months. The draft final report should cover the points a) to e) under point 4 above and contain 1) descriptive fiches on good practices which can be published on the website for dissemination purposes and 2) the conclusions of the study, which should be presented in a very clear and concise way. The conclusions will be part of the executive summary to be translated in French and German. The final report will be submitted at the end of the contract.

6. Schedule of audits to be carried out in accordance with Article II.17 of this Contract

.....Not applicable

⁵ See Article II.1 as regards the replacement of experts.

Contractor's Tender

ANNEX II Registre CAD Ref. No. of

See attached document: pages.



ANNEX III Breakdown of prices

1. Breakdown of prices

Description	Unit price in €	Max. No of units		Sub-total per item	Total amounts in €
FEES AND DIRECT COSTS	(fixed prices)				
Experts' fees (to be specified for each expert)					0,00
Details	0,00	0	w.d.	0,00	
Other direct costs (to be specified)					0,00
Details	0,00	0	unit	0,00	
Sub-total "Fees and Direct Costs" (Art. I.3.1)					1
REIMBURSABLE EXPENSES	(max. prices)				
Travel expenses					0,00
Journeys for experts as mentioned in Annex I					
Details	0,00	0	trip	0,00	
Provision for supplementary journeys effected upon request					
of the Commission	0.00	0	4	0.00	
Details	0,00	0	trip	0,00	0.00
Accommodation expense Hotel for experts as mentioned in Annex I					0,00
Details	0,00	0	pers.	0,00	
Provision for supplementary accommodation upon request of	0,00	Ű	pero.	0,00	
the Commission					
Details	0,00	0	pers.	0,00	
Subsistence expense	,			,	0,00
Subsistence expenses for experts as mentioned in Annex I					
Details	0,00	0	w.d.	0,00	
Provision for supplementary subsistence upon request of the					
Commission					
Details	0,00	0	w.d.	0,00	0.00
Shipment and/or other reimbursements (to be specified)	0.00	0		0.00	0,00
Details	0,00	0	unit	0,00	
Contingencies (cannot be used without the prior and express					
approval by the Commission, by the way of a written note allowing					
for reallocation(s) of part or total of this provision to one or several					
items above)					0.00
Calculation base	0,00				-,
Contingencies: approx. % of calculation base		0	%	0,00	
Sub-total "Reimbursable Expenses" (Art. I.3.3)					0,00
Overall Total					0,00

w.d. = 1 working day for 1 expert

Additional information to the Breakdown of prices See attached document: pages.

2. Calculation of amounts due under the present Contract

2.1. Fees

Initial calculation based on unit price(s) per w.d. of expert(s) depending on the level of qualification of the expert(s) executing the mission. The unit price(s) is (are) expected to cover the expert(s) fees, the

Contractor's administrative expenses, as well as the costs of producing the contractual number of copies of the required report(s) ⁶ in the required format(s), but does not include the reimbursable expenses defined below.

N.B. Duration of the services: This includes, besides the time necessary for the carrying out of the services themselves, the necessary time for preparatory work, trips and travelling back and forth between the offices of the Contractor and/or the expert(s) and the places where the services are being carried out and for meetings with the services of the Commission, as well as time for the preparation of reports and output documents related to the work.

2.2. Reimbursements

If the reimbursement of expenses is foreseen in the Special Conditions, the Commission will reimburse only:

- the subsistence expenses of the Contractor and his staff,
- travel expenses (other than local transport costs),
- expenses for the shipment of equipment or unaccompanied luggage,

directly connected with performance of the tasks specified in Article I.1. of this Contract.

2.2.1 DSAs (Daily Subsistence Allowances)

The daily subsistence allowance (DSA) is paid as a flat-rate amount and is considered to cover breakfast and two main meals, local travel, the cost of telecommunications, including fax and Internet, and all other sundries. They will be paid for each calendar day spent on mission away from the usual place of work, provided that the corresponding assignment is of a short-term nature. The DSA will vary according to the country in which the missions are to be carried out.

Daily subsistence allowances (DSA) are to be calculated as follows according to the length of the mission:

- 6 hours or less: reimbursement of actual expenses (on production of supporting documents);
- more than 6 hours but not more than 12 hours: 0.5 DSA;
- more than 12 hours, but not more than 24 hours: 1 DSA;
- more than 24 hours but not more than 36 hours: 1.5 DSA;
- more than 36 hours but not more than 48 hours: 2 DSA;
- more than 48 hours but not more than 60 : 2.5 DSA, and so on.

The agreed rates (in EUR per calendar day) to be used for the purposes of the present Contract are set as follows:

Desti	nations	DSA in EUR	Maximum hotel price in EUR	Desti	inations	DSA in EUR	Maximum ho price in El
AT	Austria	95,00	130,00	IT	Italy	95,00	135,
BE	Belgium	92,00	140,00	LT	Lithuania	68,00	115,
BG	Bulgaria	70,00	205,00	LU	Luxembourg	92,00	145,
CY	Cyprus	93,00	145,00	LV	Latvia	66,00	145,
CZ	Czech Republic	75,00	155,00	MK	Macedonia	50,00	160,
DE	Germany	93,00	115,00	MT	Malta	90,00	115,
DK	Denmark	120,00	150,00	NL	The Netherlands	93,00	170.
EE	Estonia	71,00	110,00	PL	Poland	72,00	145,
EL	Greece	82,00	140,00	PT	Portugal	84,00	120,
ES	Spain	87,00	125,00	RO	Romania	60,00	170,
FI	Finland	104,00	140,00	SE	Sweden	97,00	160,
FR	France	95,00	150,00	SI	Slovenia	70,00	110,
HR	Croatia	60,00	120,00	SK	Slovakia	80,00	125,
HU	Hungary	72,00	150,00	TR	Turkey	55,00	165,
IE	Ireland	104,00	150,00	UK	United Kingdom	101,00	175,

⁶ All details on Monitoring and Reporting are to be indicated and included in the Tender Specifications.

2.2.2 Travel expenses

Travel expenses shall be reimbursed following the provisions of Article II.7.3.

3. Additional provision

It is understood that the Parts "Fees and Direct Costs" and "Reimbursable Expenses" are set as provisions only. They constitute a maximum for the overall cumulative value of all services rendered by the Contractor under the present Contract – they will be due only if services are actually rendered to the Commission according to this Contract and its Annexes, both in quantity and in quality.



ANNEX IV CVs and classification of experts

1. Classification of experts according to level of expertise

Level of qualification	Category of personnel
I	Highly qualified expert having assumed important responsibilities in his/her profession, recruited for his/her management/supervisory, thought and creativity skills as regards professional practise. He/she must have at least 15 years professional experience of which at least 7 must be connected with the professional sector concerned and the type of tasks to be performed.
II	Highly qualified expert having assumed responsibilities in his/her profession, recruited for his/her management/supervisory, thought and creativity skills as regards professional practise. He/she must have at least 10 years professional experience of which at least 4 must be connected with the professional sector concerned and the type of tasks to be performed.
III	Certified expert having received a high-level training in his/her profession, recruited for his/her thought and creativity skills as regards professional practise. He/she must have at least 5 years professional experience of which at least 2 must be connected with the professional sector concerned and the type of tasks to be performed.
IV	Junior expert, newcomer to the profession but holding a university degree or equivalent training related to the professional sector concerned and the type of tasks to be performed.

2. List of experts assigned

Full names of experts assigned	Level of Qualification (I to iv, see above)
X	

3. CVs of experts assigned

See Annex II.

Fiscal provisions regarding invoicing by theANNEX VContractor

Choose 1 out of 4 options:

• (option 1: the Contractor is subject to VAT and his place of fiscal imposition is in Belgium)

Local supplies and services

Supplier with fiscal imposition place in Belgium – delivery address in Belgium

1. VAT exemption – Exemption level

In Belgium, the terms of the present Contract have the same value as the VAT exemption request No 450 (VAT exemption – Article 42, par. 3.3, VAT Code). The European Commission benefits of a direct VAT exemption for all invoices EUR 123.95 and more.

2. Invoicing the Commission

An invoice will be made for each payment related to the present Contract. The applied VAT rate and amount shall be specified.

In view of VAT exemption, invoices addressed to the European Commission should bear the mention: "Exonération de la TVA, article 42, § 3.3, du code de la TVA" or

"Vrijstelling van BTW, artikel 42, § 3.3, BTW-Wetboek".

The above indication is given only as piece of information. The Contractor must refer to the Belgian national laws.

► (option 2: the Contractor is subject to VAT and his place of fiscal imposition is a Member State other than Belgium)

Intra-community supplies and services

Supplier with fiscal imposition place in a Member State other than Belgium – delivery address in Belgium

1. VAT exemption level

The European Commission benefits of a direct exemption of VAT for all invoices of EUR 123.95 and more.

2. Use of form 15.10

To allow the Contractor to justify to the fiscal authorities an invoicing to the European Commission using a 0% VAT rate (direct exemption) or to enable the benefit of the exemption by reimbursement, it is necessary to use the form 15.10.

These forms have recently been up-dated, and the new versions are the only ones to remain in official use. They entered into force on 01.04.1997, with a new ref. XXI/03278 – 01.04.1997.

See attached document: 2 pages and 1 page of explanatory notes.

3. Signature of the form 15.10 – Delegation of signature

The forms must normally be signed by the fiscal authorities of Belgium. However, a delegation of signature has been awarded by the Belgium authorities to the European Commission – ref. ET 76430 of 22.12.1992 (This ref. No should be inserted in box 7 of new form 15.10). The Commission being represented for the present Contract by the Director General of Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities DG, form 15.10 will therefore be signed by the latter.

4. Invoicing the Commission

An invoice will be made for each payment related to the present Contract. The applied VAT rate and amount shall be specified. Concerning the direct VAT exemption or VAT exemption by the way of reimbursement, the invoice shall bear all the necessary mentions.

The above indication is given only as piece of information. The Contractor must refer to the national laws in force in his Member State of fiscal imposition.



► (option 3: the Contractor is not subject to VAT)

Not applicable to the present Contract.

► (option 4: the country of fiscal imposition of the Contractor is unknown)

Provisions to be applied depending on the country of fiscal imposition of the Contractor..

